

FLAT EARTH

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11/24/2018



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<https://www.yahuwahsoasis.com/>

He who made for you the earth a bed [flat] and the sky a ceiling and sent down from the sky, rain and brought forth thereby fruits as provision for you. Quran 2:22

THE EARTH IS FLAT!

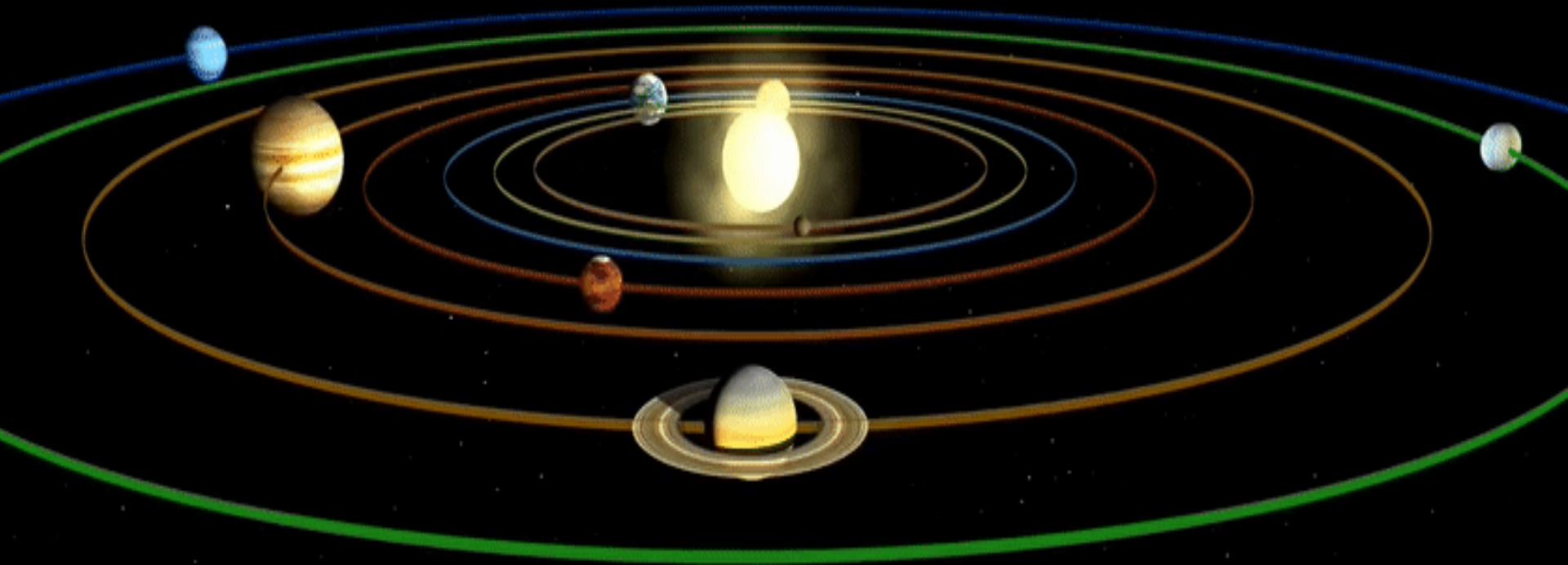
NOPE, NOT FLAT!

NO, NOT AT ALL FLAT!

Pearl Harbour had to be an inside job, no chance a japanese plane could have flown this far in 1941.

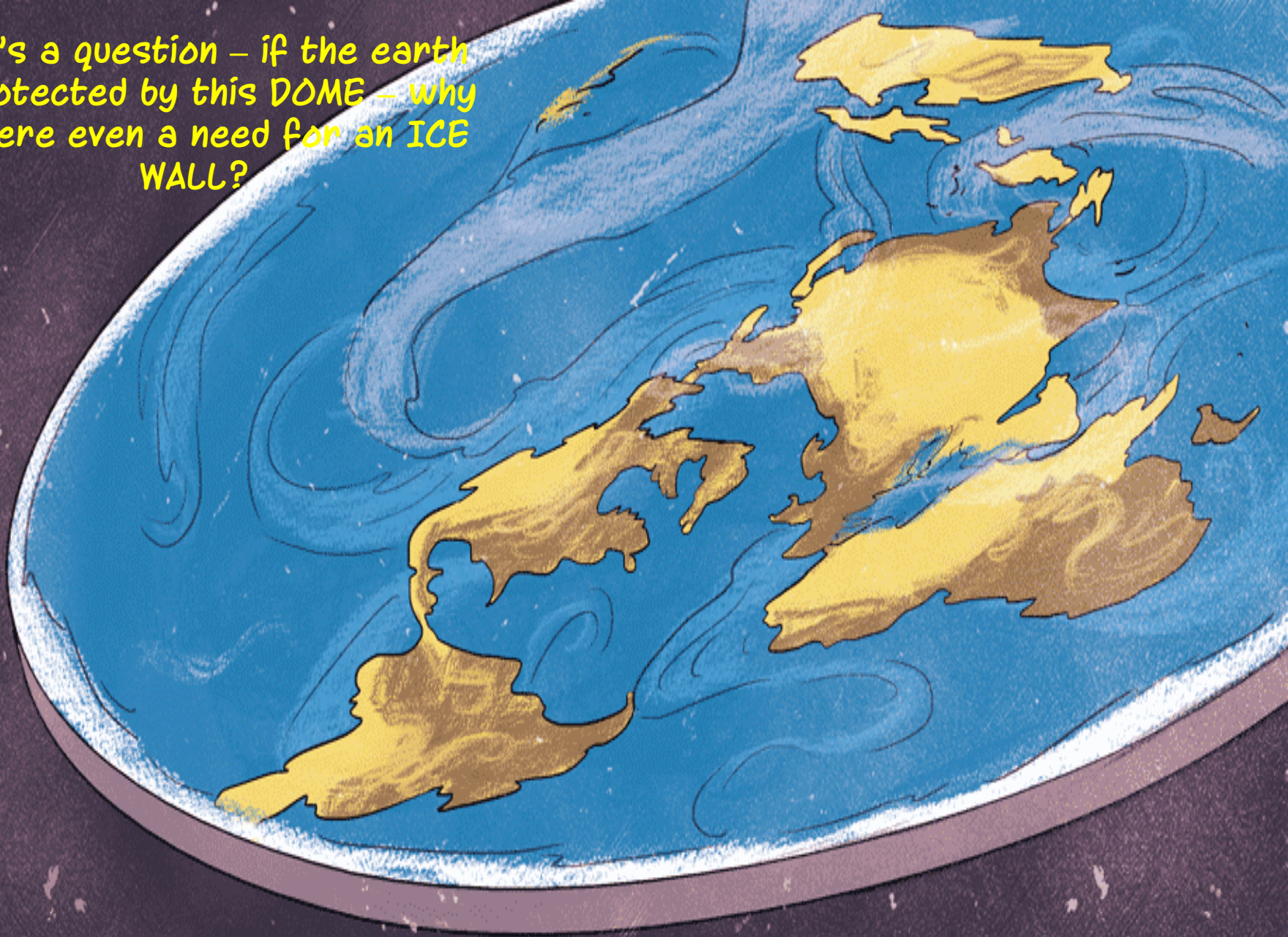
Having lived in Japan, I can tell you just how moronic this is – We left on a plane from San Francisco and flew west to Japan – NO-ONE flies like this!! Or how about just flying straight across the countries, not like a plane is a ship!!





Let's NOT forget that the flat-earthers DON'T believe the earth circles the sun, but that the sun circles us. Interesting that the FLAT EARTH hasn't been struck by any kind of planet with all this circling being done by the other planets!!! Ah yes, that "elusive" dome that protects the earth, with the exception of the meteors etc. getting through.

Here's a question – if the earth
is protected by this DOME – why
is there even a need for an ICE
WALL?





Well, the flat earthers have a wiki page, and we know just how right those pages are:

https://wiki.tfes.org/Frequently_Asked_Questions

Do you know they actually say that the UN emblem closely resembles the flat earth.

Does that mean that the flat earthers are for the UN taking over the US because this looks like a flat earth? Let's take a look! 7

Oliver Lincoln Lundquist, a talented architect and industrial designer, worked for the **Office of Strategic Services (OSS)**, CIA's predecessor, during World War II and led the team that designed the official United Nations emblem.



Interesting, since Eric Dubay, the father of flat earthers is a CIA shill..hmm!!! But you can find out about him at:



You can buy this from Amazon!!!

In 1945, the US State Department asked the OSS to help create graphics for the UN Conference on International Organization in San Francisco, where the [UN Charter](#) was drafted. Lundquist's team set out to create a lapel pin for the delegates that could serve as their official form of identification. It was initially designed by another OSS officer, Donal McLaughlin, who worked for Lundquist as the director of graphics for the conference. This became the prototype for the UN logo you see today.

Perhaps in 1945 they were thinking that now we'd be thinking the earth was flat, and this was their proof!!!



UN prototype emblem

The design consisted of a top-down view of the globe, centered on North America and showing all of the continents except Antarctica, with two olive branches on either side to symbolize peace. The design was in shades of blue, a purposeful choice to contrast with red, a color traditionally associated with war.

The final emblem chosen by the UN was a slightly modified version of this design.

REAL MAP OF THE WORLD

**THIS MAP IS HIDDEN FROM PUBLIC VIEW,
BUT STILL USED BY NASA & THE UN**



This map was not hidden from the world, but Gleason was a flat earther though this map was a tool to teach how to calculate time!





We're going to start with the flat earther's WIKI page and FAQ or frequently asked questions – to make it clear we'll use:

FE question and FE answer, so there can be no mistake who is talking. We will use this font for anything we add.

**FE question - How do you explain
day/night cycles and seasons?**

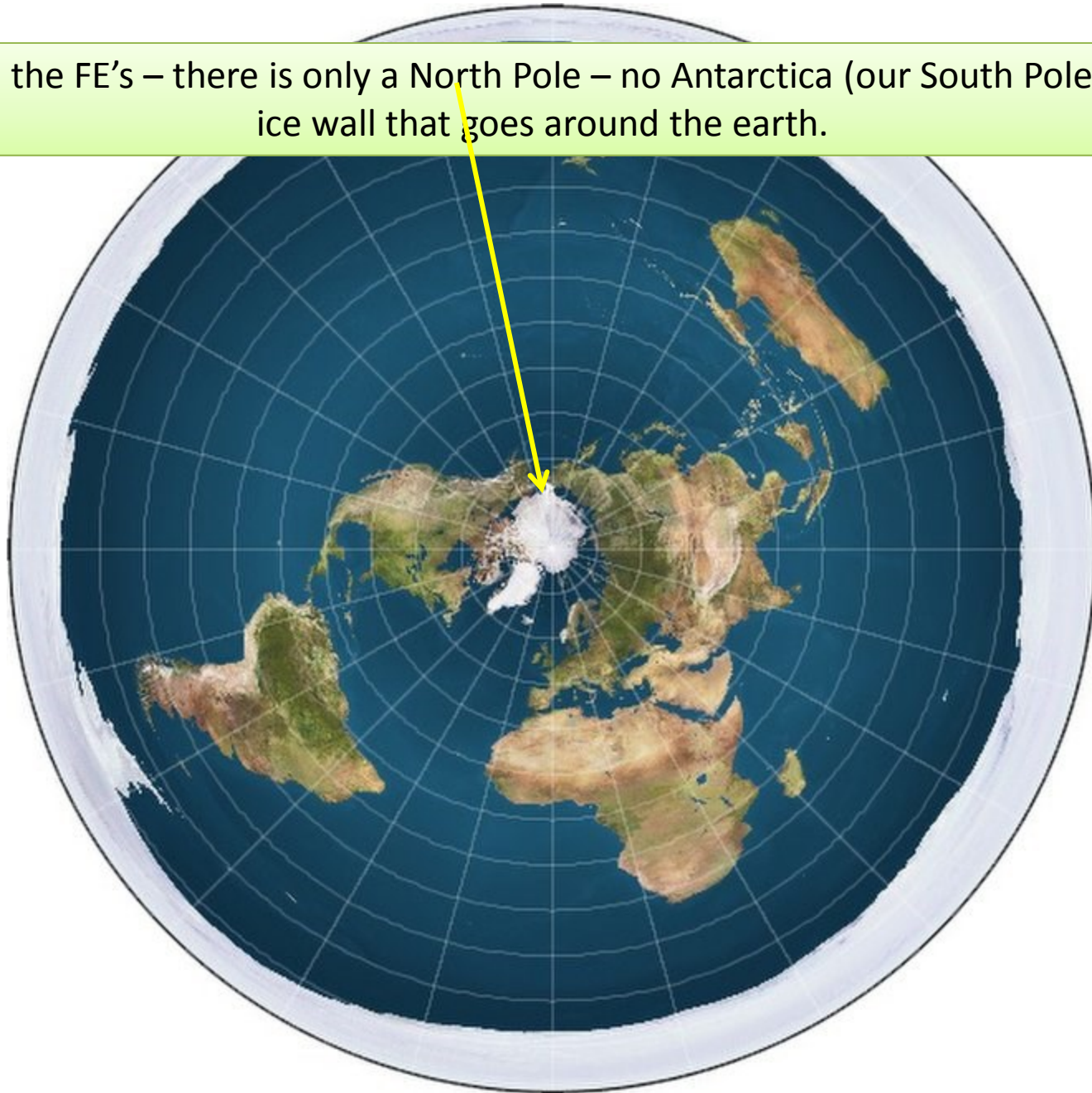


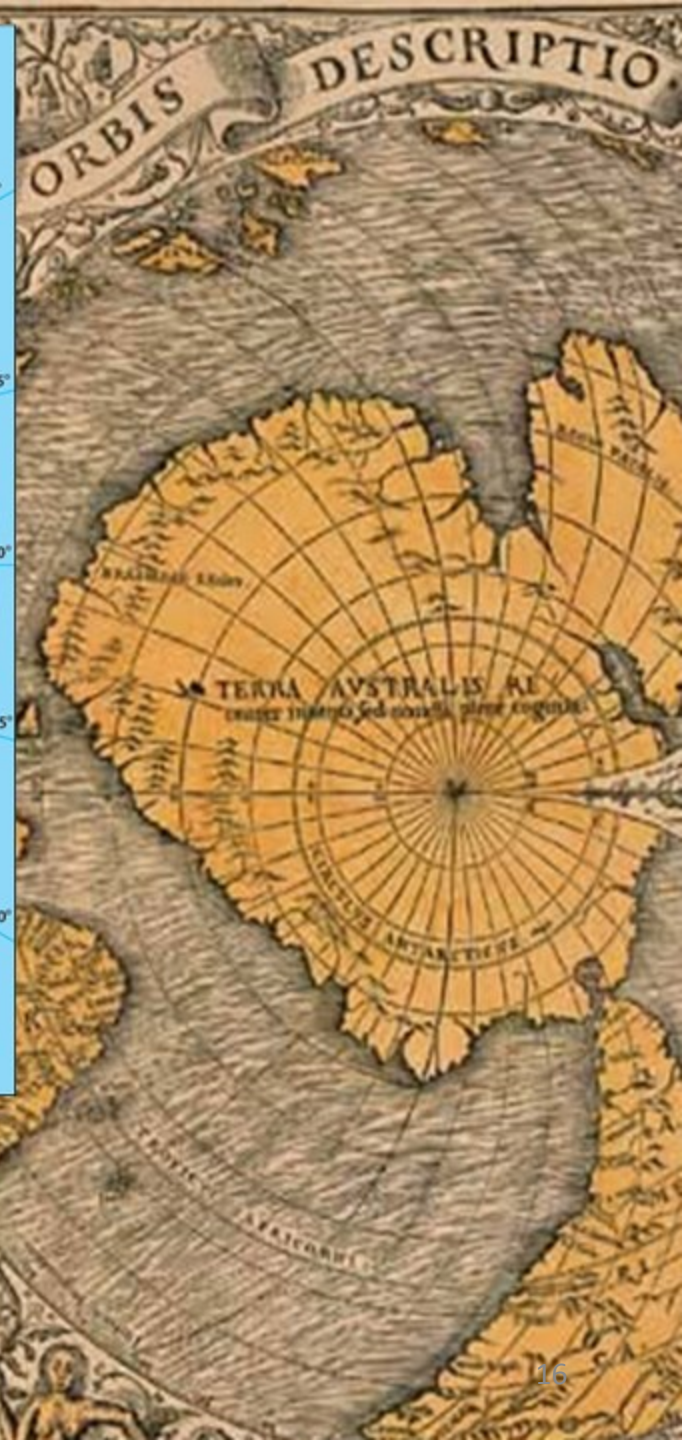
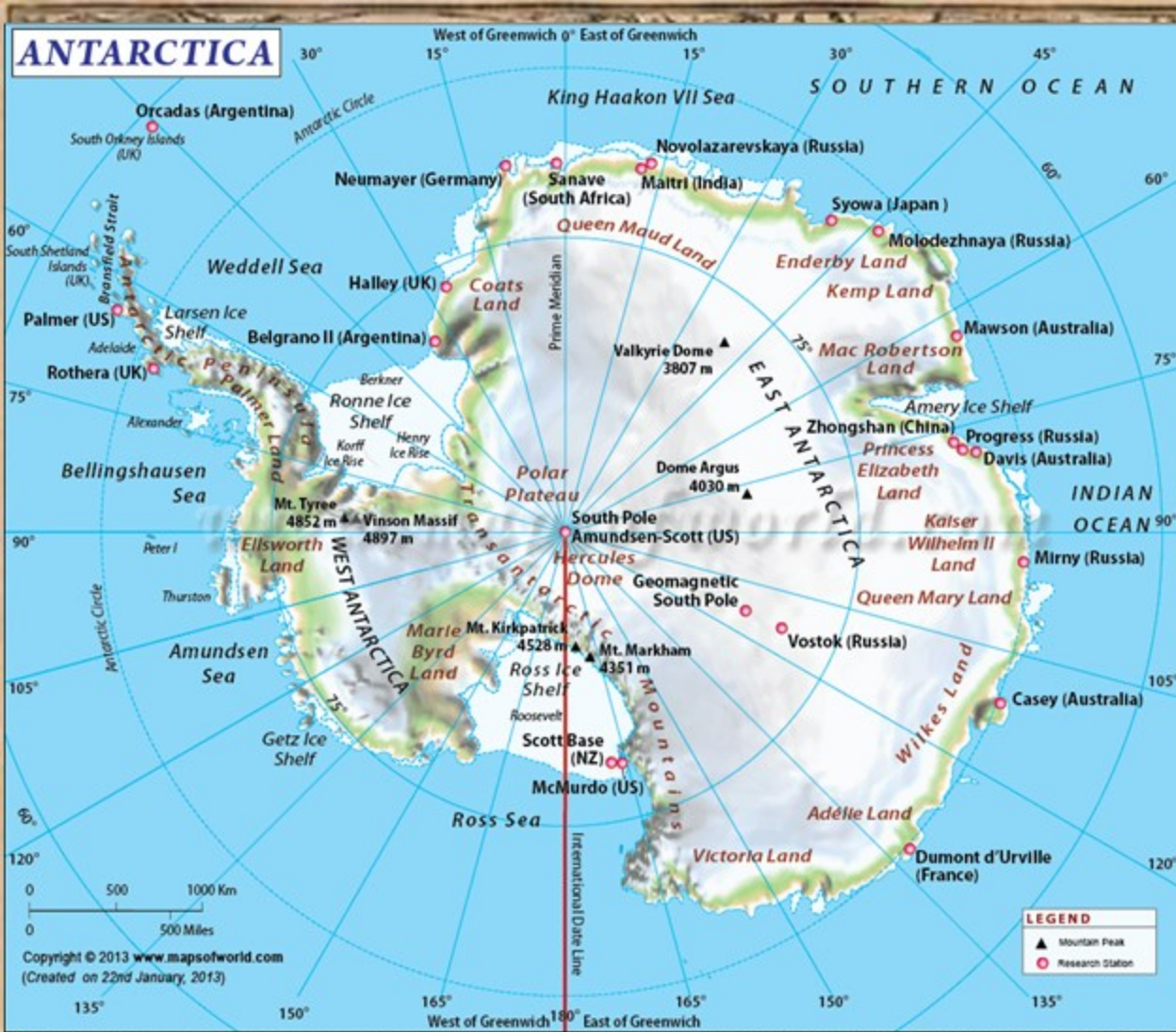
FE answer - Day and night cycles are easily explained on a flat earth. The sun moves in circles around the North Pole. When it is over your head, it's day. When it's not, it's night. The light of the sun is confined to a limited area and its light acts like a spotlight upon the earth.

FE answer - Day and night cycles are easily explained on a flat earth. The sun moves in circles around the North Pole. When it is over your head, it's day. When it's not, it's night. The light of the sun is confined to a limited area and its light acts like a spotlight upon the earth.

And yet they have no answer for why there is a MIDNIGHT sun- like in Alaska during the summer.

According to the Flat Earth's – there is only a North Pole – no Antarctica (our South Pole)- only an ice wall that goes around the earth.



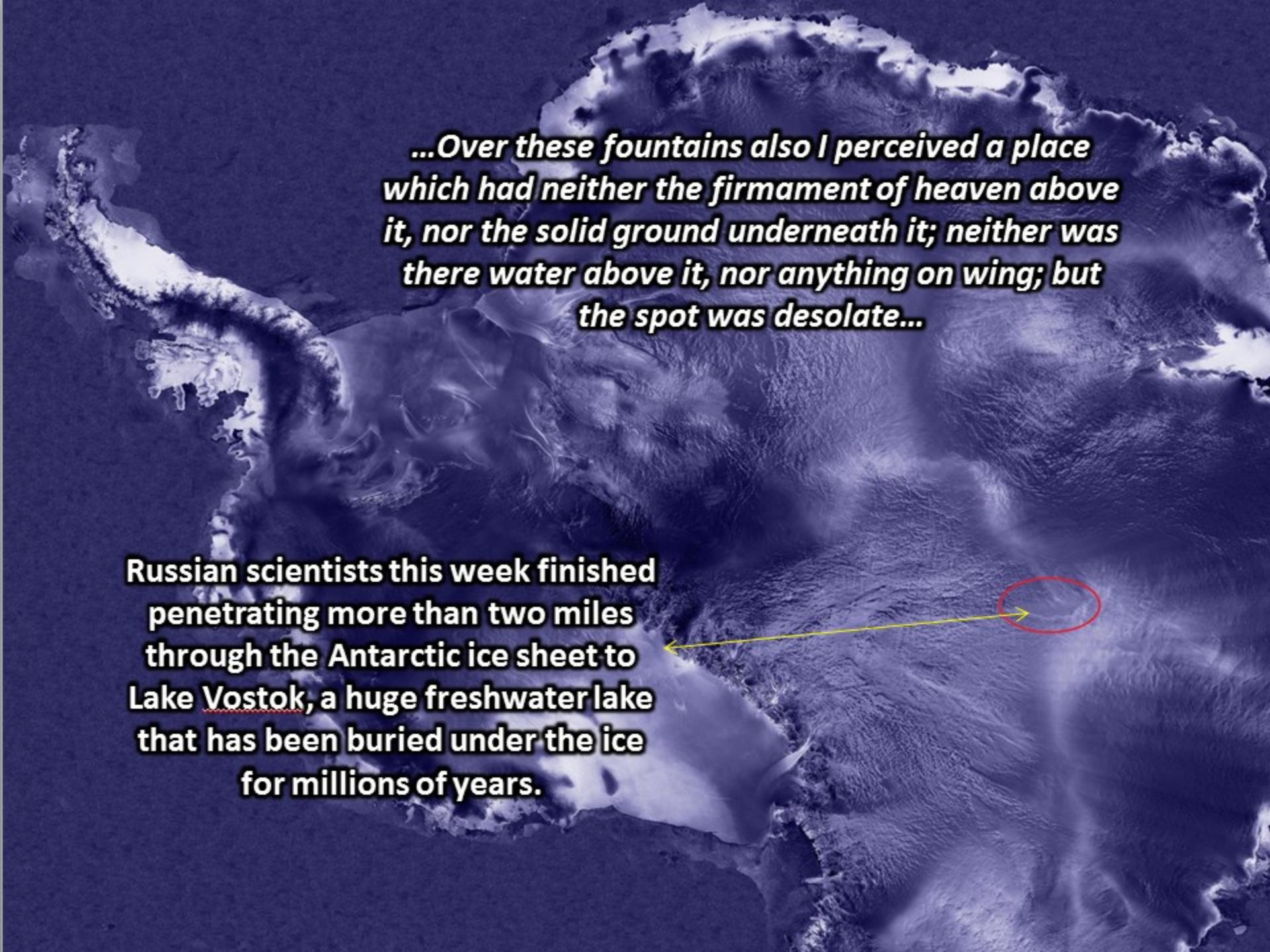


Oronteus Finaeus

11/24/2018

Map

VES MANTVY VERHAAL
Ed Leffers,
En de Conde Lefter Geographien
En de Conde Lefter Geographien
En de Conde Lefter Geographien
En de Conde Lefter Geographien



...Over these fountains also I perceived a place which had neither the firmament of heaven above it, nor the solid ground underneath it; neither was there water above it, nor anything on wing; but the spot was desolate...

Russian scientists this week finished penetrating more than two miles through the Antarctic ice sheet to Lake Vostok, a huge freshwater lake that has been buried under the ice for millions of years.


Earth diameter 25,000 miles

Sun and Moon diameter 32 miles

Sun and Moon altitude 3000 miles

Star "dome" 100 miles above Sun and Moon.

Would also explain
the previous FE
statement about the
sun: When it is over
your head, it's day.
When it's not, it's
night.



There you have it – the dome is now 100 miles above the sun and moon, making it 3100 miles high. Wonder how they calculated that? In our first Flat Earth Study, the sun was only 6 miles high. Interesting part is the DOME is a Star dome, not even sure what that means.

The Lunar Eclipse

From the flat earthers perspective!!!



A Lunar Eclipse occurs about twice a year when a satellite of the sun passes between the sun and moon.

This satellite is called the Shadow Object. Its orbital plane is tilted at an angle of about $5^{\circ}10'$ to the sun's orbital plane, making eclipses possible only when the three bodies (Sun, Object, and Moon) are aligned and when the moon is crossing the sun's orbital plane (at a point called the node).

Within a given year, considering the orbitals of these celestial bodies, a maximum of three lunar eclipses can occur. Despite the fact that there are more solar than lunar eclipses each year, over time many more lunar eclipses are seen at any single location on earth than solar eclipses. This occurs because a lunar eclipse can be seen from the entire half of the earth beneath the moon at that time, while a solar eclipse is visible only along a narrow path on the earth's surface.



Total lunar eclipses come in clusters. There can be two or three during a period of a year or a year and a half, followed by a lull of two or three years before another round begins. When you add partial eclipses there can be three in a calendar year and again, it's quite possible to have none at all.



The shadow object is never seen in the sky because it orbits close to the sun. As the sun's powerful vertical rays hit the atmosphere during the day they will scatter and blot out nearly every single star and celestial body in the sky. *We are never given a glimpse of the celestial bodies which appear near the sun during the day* - they are completely washed out by the sun's light.

There's a problem with this statement: We've seen the moon during the day - isn't the moon a celestial body?

There is also a possibility that the Shadow Object is a *known* celestial body which orbits the sun; but more study would be needed to track the positions of Mercury, Venus and the sun's asteroid satellites and correlate them with the equations for the lunar eclipse before any conclusion could be drawn.



According to what we've already heard, the sun and the moon being the same size and also being covered by the DOME – wonder why the rest of the planets aren't covered by this dome, so the conclusion being drawn here make absolutely no sense! And considering the sun has asteroid satellites, the assumption is that apparently the sun is NOT hot like "they" said, and it must be that the moon is hotter which they also say!!!

The Flat Earthers use this guy as proof about their thoughts on the flat earth and eclipses, but should they be using him?

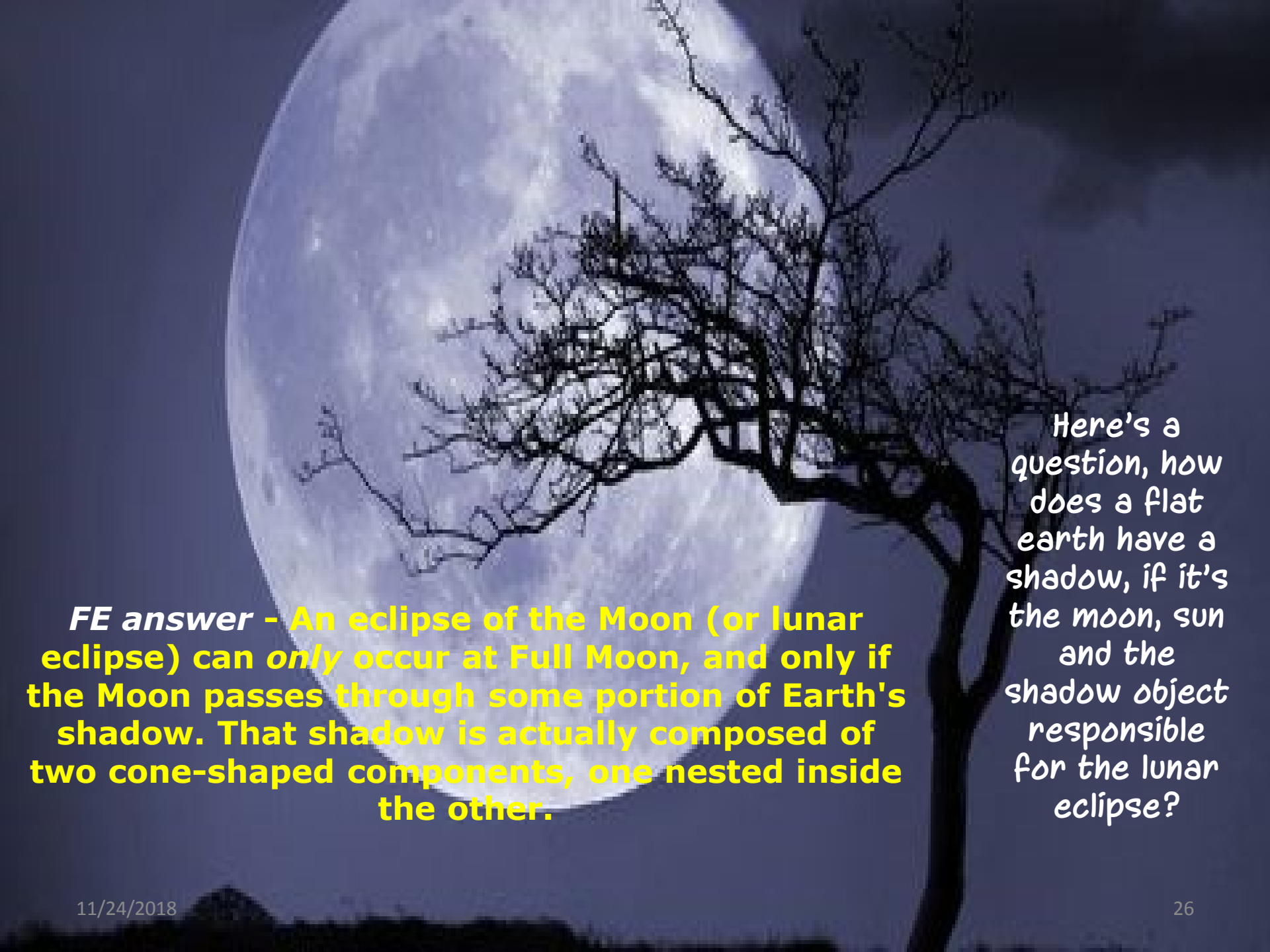


Dr. Samuel Birley Rowbotham has provided equations for finding the time, magnitude, and duration of a Lunar Eclipse

This picture clearly shows the curvature of the earth....I will be using this guy to debunk the flat earthers:

<http://no-apology.cyberphreak.com/2015/12/16/flat-earth/>

Interestingly, the origins of this flat earth system are very recent, created by a writer named Samuel Rowbotham, in 1849. I truly think this was all started as a joke, since the book he published was written under the name Parallax. Parallax is actually one of the easiest proofs that we are orbiting the sun, and the moon is a distant object. This is really on the nose, and modern Flat Earthers just missed the joke. *If the sun and moon are really 32 miles across, and close to the earth, 600, 2000, Or 3000 miles, depending on who you ask, parallax error would be very apparent over the course of a single day. What do I mean by this? The apparent size of the sun and moon are right around half a degree, regardless of time of day, season, OR position on the Earth. Measure them everywhere, latitude, longitude, and apparent size and parallax angle is very small. In fact, it takes very sensitive instruments to even measure the parallax angle to determine the distance to the sun. The moon is a little easier, and the stars are very difficult. So, the name Parallax is a clue that Samuel knew the world was round and created something like The Onion as a joke or sarcasm.*



***FE answer* - An eclipse of the Moon (or lunar eclipse) can *only* occur at Full Moon, and only if the Moon passes through some portion of Earth's shadow. That shadow is actually composed of two cone-shaped components, one nested inside the other.**

Here's a question, how does a flat earth have a shadow, if it's the moon, sun and the shadow object responsible for the lunar eclipse?

A silhouette of a person standing in a narrow, brightly lit path, with a long shadow cast on the ground.

How Shadows Are Formed

An opaque object blocks the light falling on it. This creates an area of darkness on the side of the object away from the source of light. A translucent object also creates a faint area of darkness. An area of darkness formed by an opaque object obstructing light is called a shadow. The following three things are required for a shadow to form:

- a source of light
- an opaque object
- a screen or surface behind the object.



A shadow will not form if any of these is absent. This explains why we cannot see a shadow in the dark. It is only when light rays are obstructed by an opaque object that we get a shadow of the object.

Here is a map of ancient Egypt.



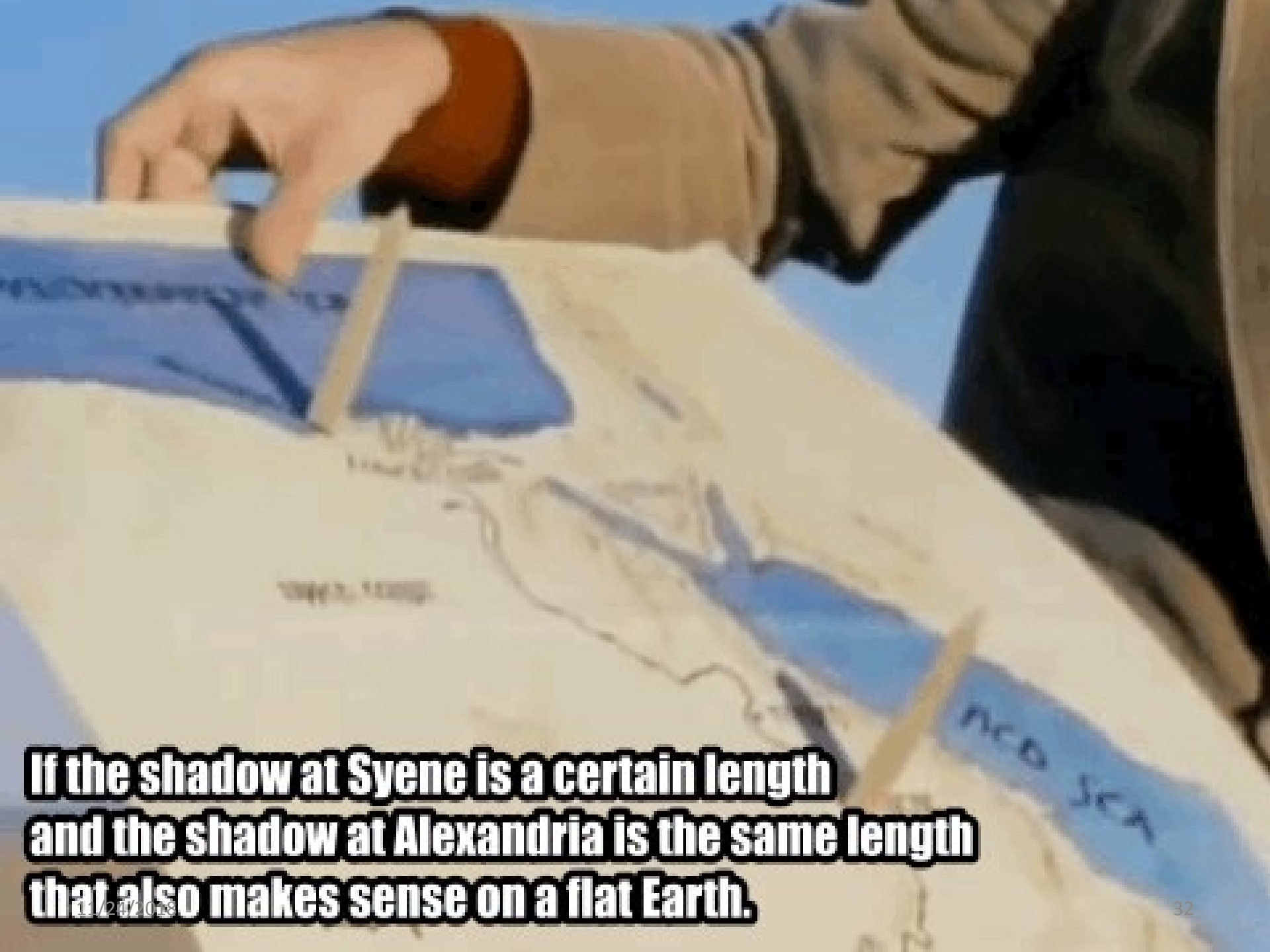
**I've inserted sticks
to represent two obelisks
one up here in Alexandria and one down here in Syene.**

11/14/2018

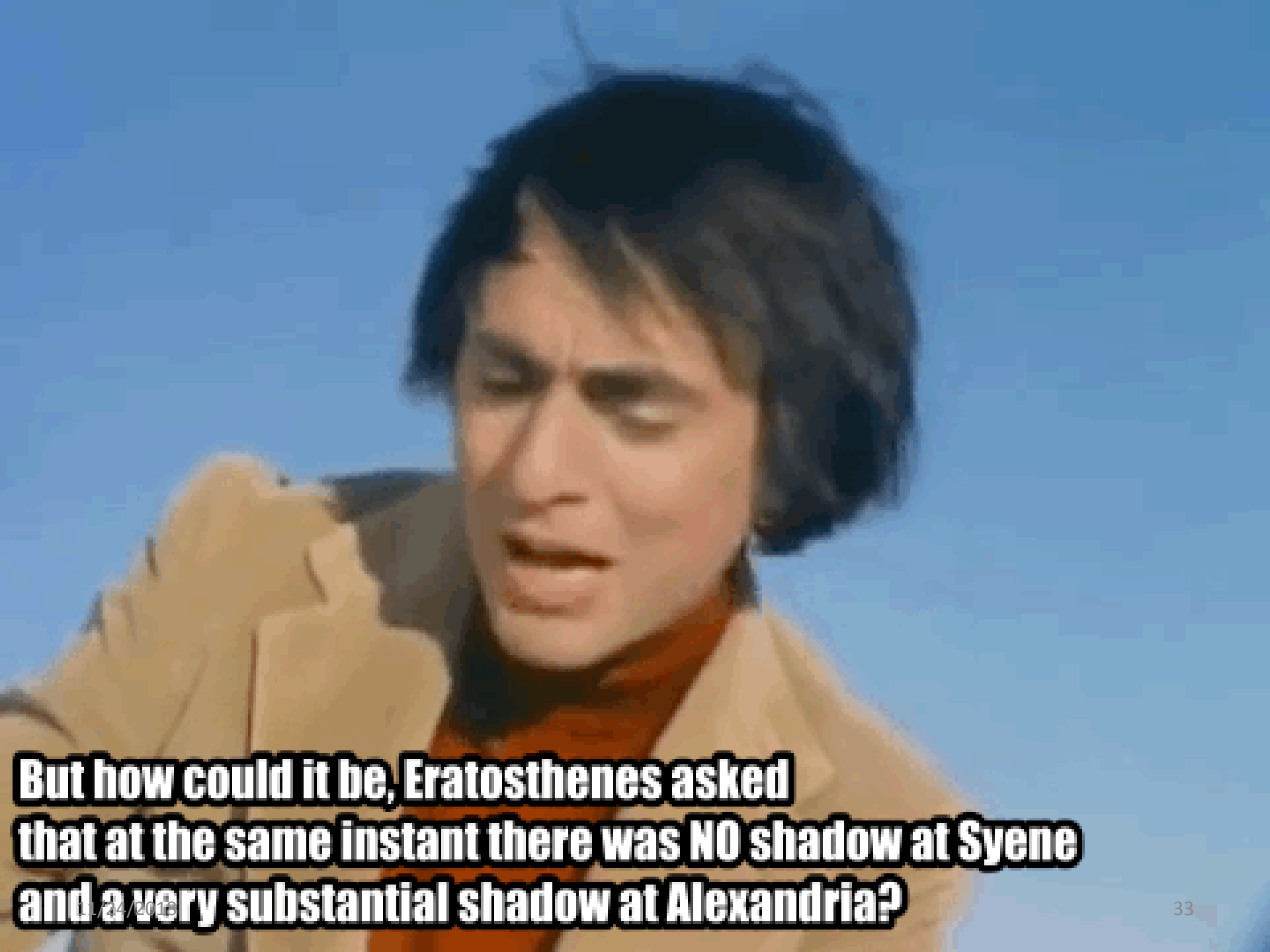


**Now if both obelisks at some point cast
no shadow at all, that's easy to understand.**

Provided the Earth is flat.



If the shadow at Syene is a certain length and the shadow at Alexandria is the same length that also makes sense on a flat Earth.

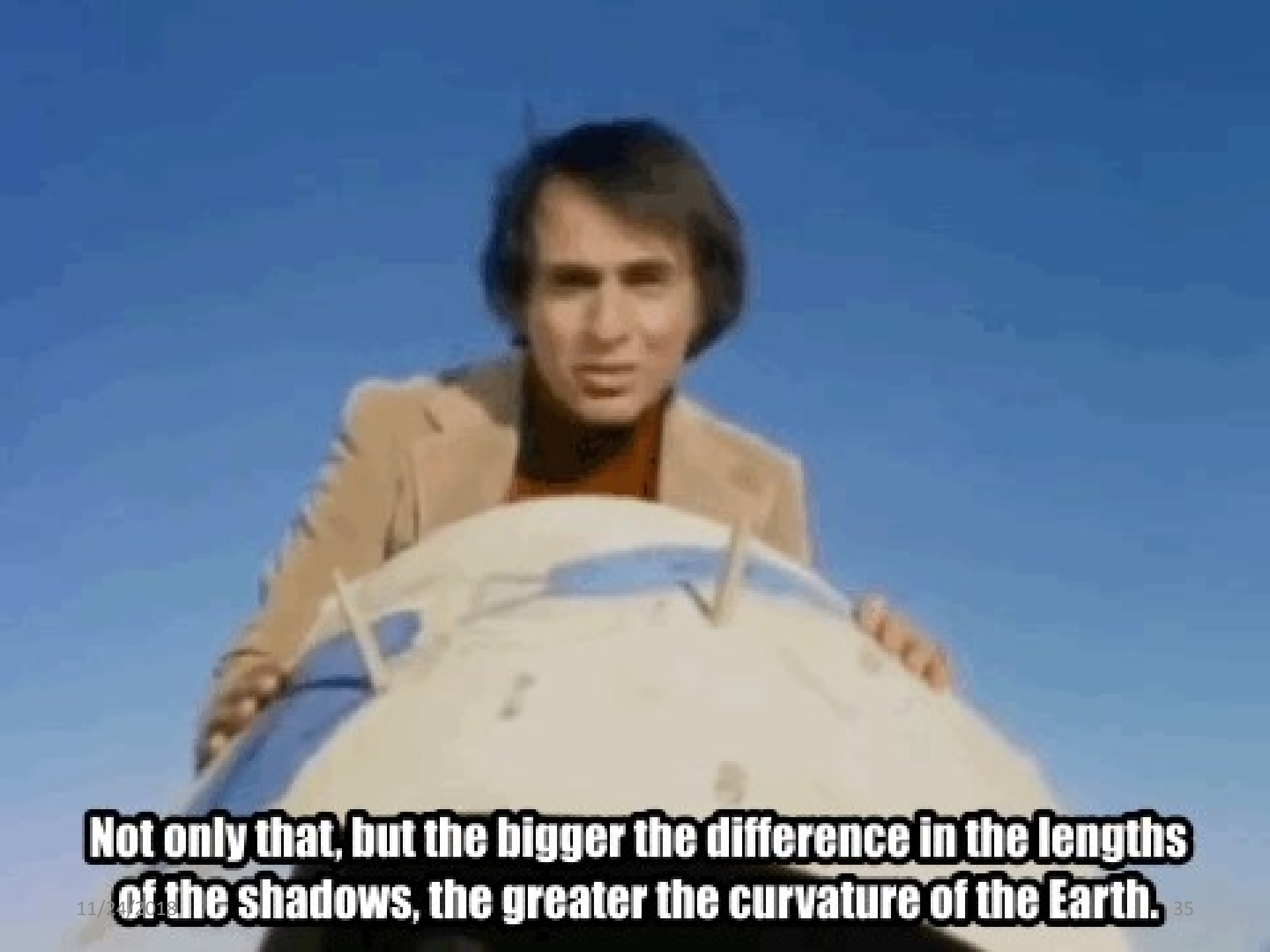


But how could it be, Eratosthenes asked that at the same instant there was NO shadow at Syene and a very substantial shadow at Alexandria?

11/24/2018

The only answer is that the surface of the Earth is curved.





Not only that, but the bigger the difference in the lengths of the shadows, the greater the curvature of the Earth.



Eratosthenes knew the distance from Syene to Alexandria and the difference in length of the shadows and could use that to calculate the circumference of the Earth.

<http://www.openculture.com/2017/03/carl-sagan-explains-how-the-ancient-greeks-figured-out-the-earth-isnt-flat.html>

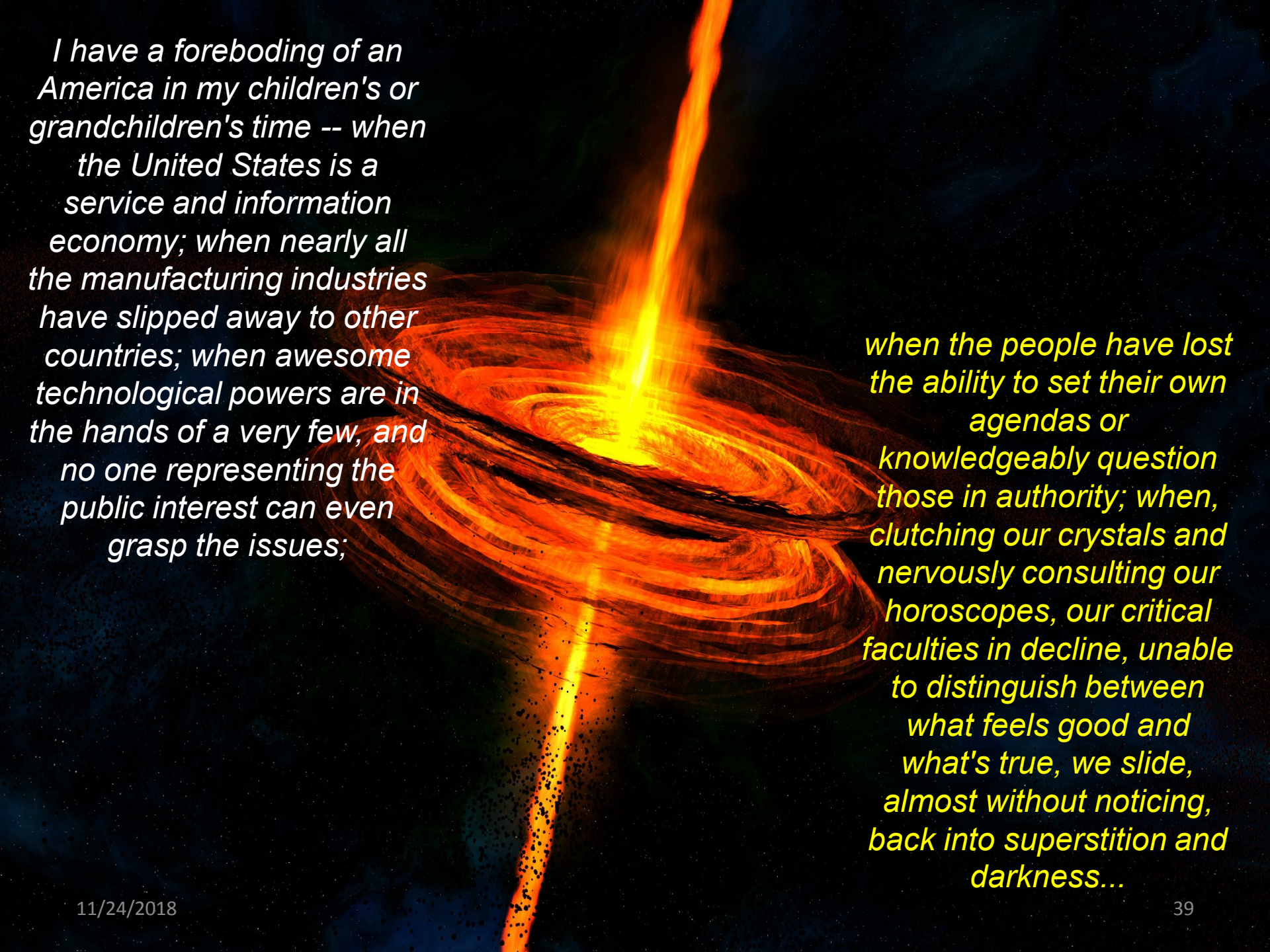
Eratosthenes, a Libyan-Greek scholar and chief librarian at the Library of Alexandria, discovered over 2000 years ago that the earth is a sphere.

Eratosthenes' scientific method: he made observations of how shadows change length given the position of the sun in the sky. Estimating the distance between the cities of Syene and Alexandria, he was then able to mathematically calculate the circumference of the earth, as Cynthia Stokes Brown explains at Khan Academy. Although “several sources of error crept into Eratosthenes' calculations and our interpretation of them,” he nonetheless succeeded almost perfectly. *His estimation: 250,000 stadia, or 25,000 miles. The actual circumference: 24,860 miles (40,008 kilometers).*



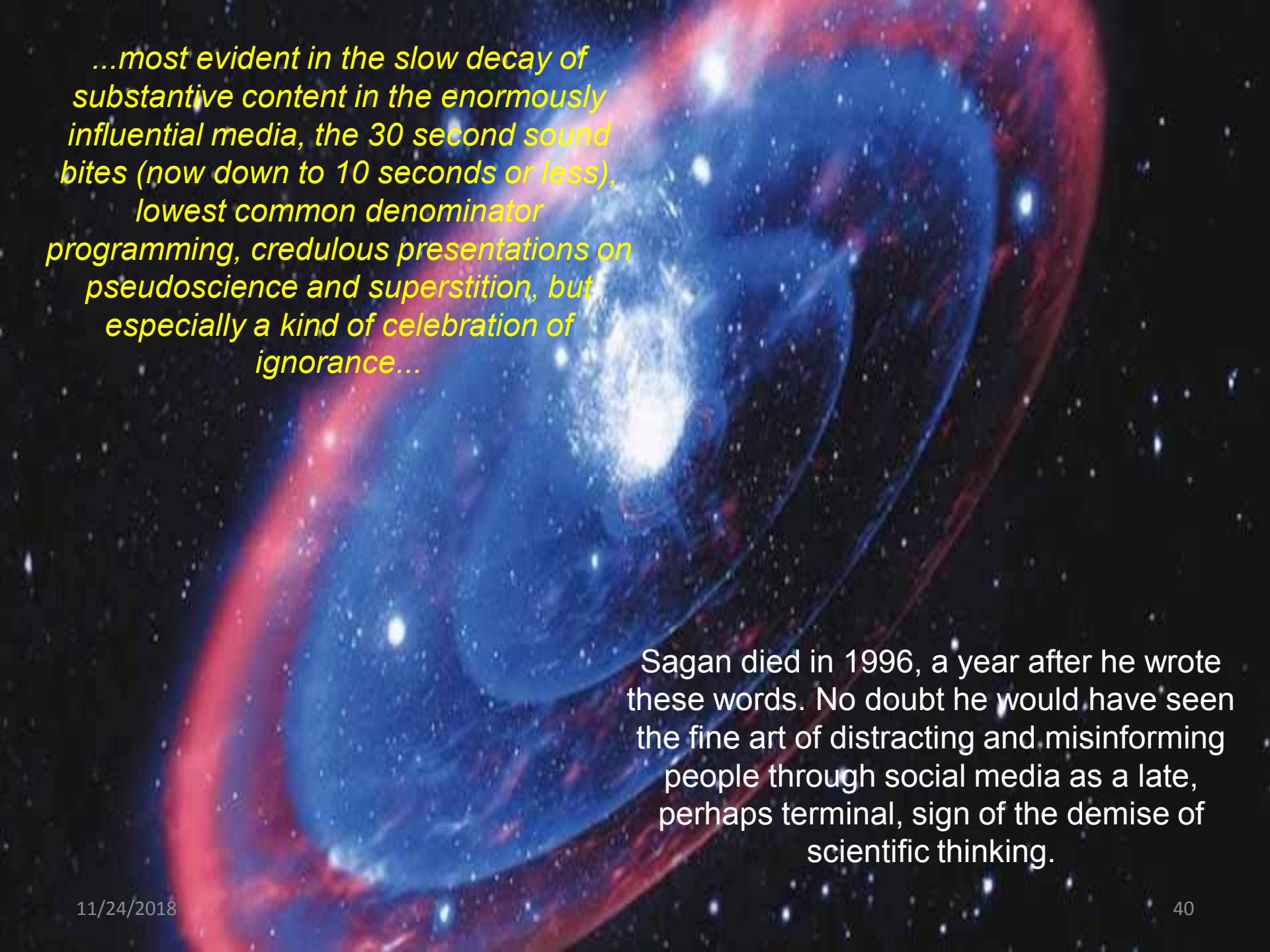
<http://www.openculture.com/2017/01/carl-sagan-predicts-the-decline-of-america.html>

Carl Sagan, published his book *The Demon Haunted World*, showing how much our everyday thinking derives from metaphor, mythology, and superstition. He also foresaw a future in which his nation, the U.S., would fall into a period of terrible decline:



I have a foreboding of an America in my children's or grandchildren's time -- when the United States is a service and information economy; when nearly all the manufacturing industries have slipped away to other countries; when awesome technological powers are in the hands of a very few, and no one representing the public interest can even grasp the issues;

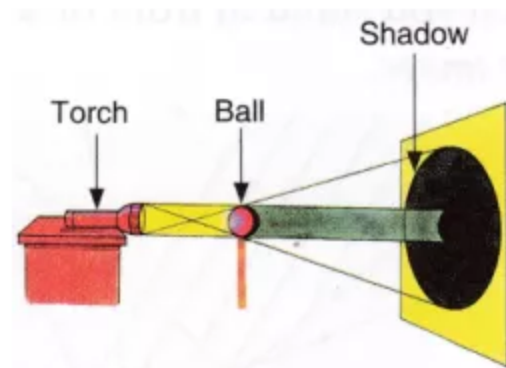
when the people have lost the ability to set their own agendas or knowledgeably question those in authority; when, clutching our crystals and nervously consulting our horoscopes, our critical faculties in decline, unable to distinguish between what feels good and what's true, we slide, almost without noticing, back into superstition and darkness...



...most evident in the slow decay of substantive content in the enormously influential media, the 30 second sound bites (now down to 10 seconds or less), lowest common denominator programming, credulous presentations on pseudoscience and superstition, but especially a kind of celebration of ignorance...

Sagan died in 1996, a year after he wrote these words. No doubt he would have seen the fine art of distracting and misinforming people through social media as a late, perhaps terminal, sign of the demise of scientific thinking.

1. Turn on the torch and place the object (whose shadow you want to study) in front of it.
2. Hold the screen on the other side of the object to get the shadow.
3. Ask your friend to trace out the outline of the shadow on the screen.
4. Now, keeping the positions of the torch and the screen to the torch. What do you see?
5. Note the colour and the size of the shadow.
6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 for different objects.



Observation: The shadow becomes bigger when the object is moved closer to the torch and smaller when it is moved closer to the screen. The colour of the shadow is always black.

Lunar Eclipse

FE answer - A Lunar Eclipse occurs about twice a year when a satellite of the sun passes between the sun and moon.



Sun

FE answer - An eclipse of the Moon (or lunar eclipse) can *only* occur at Full Moon, and only if the Moon passes through some portion of Earth's shadow.

That shadow is actually composed of two cone-shaped components, one nested inside the other.

Earth



Moon

Lunar Eclipse

FE answer - A Lunar Eclipse occurs about twice a year when a satellite of the sun passes between the sun and moon.



Sun

Earth

Using the FE answer – and remember both the sun and the moon are the same size – 32 mi wide – we don't even know HOW they'd get an eclipse? Something has to be the big source of light, then you have the smaller in between to the smallest?



Moon

Lunar Eclipse



Sun

*FE answer - An eclipse of the Moon (or lunar eclipse) can **only** occur at Full Moon, and only if the Moon passes through some portion of Earth's shadow.*

That shadow is actually composed of two cone-shaped components, one nested inside the other.

When in doubt come up with the "two cone-shaped" components NESTED inside the other. What would that be? Moon or Sun nested inside that satellite object?

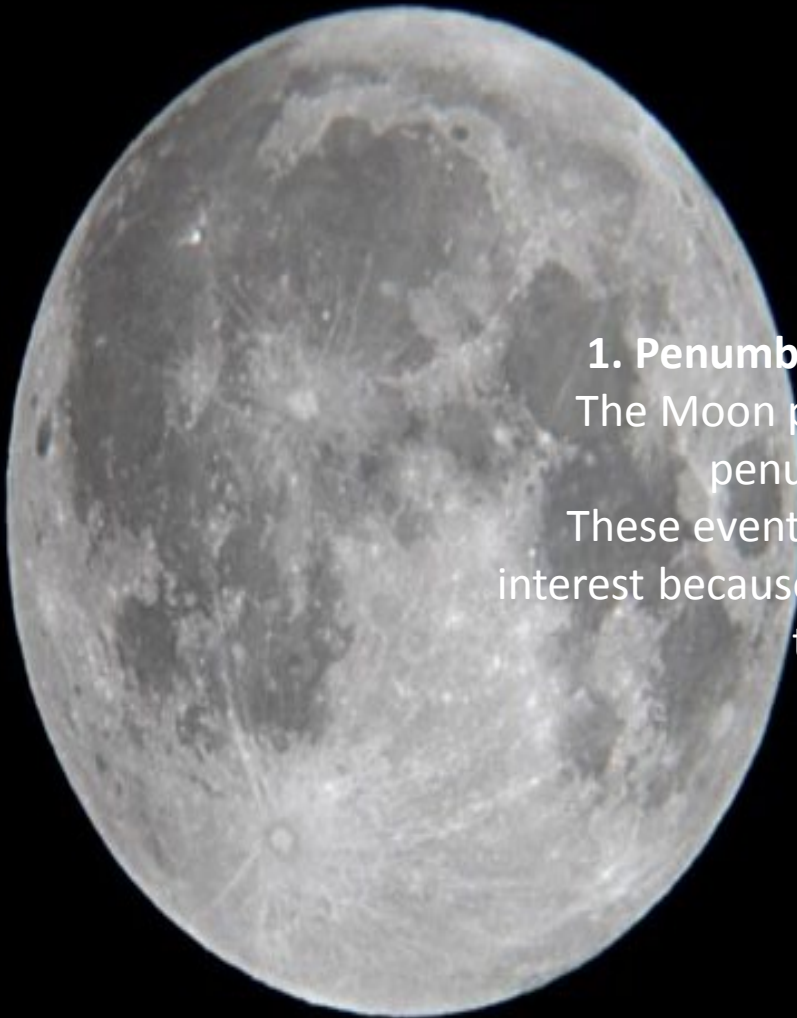
Earth



Moon

Before Eclipse

Mid-Eclipse



1. Penumbral Lunar Eclipse

The Moon passes through Earth's penumbral shadow.

These events are of only academic interest because they are subtle and hard to observe.



2. Partial Lunar Eclipse

- A portion of the Moon passes through Earth's umbral shadow.
- These events are easy to see, even with the unaided eye.



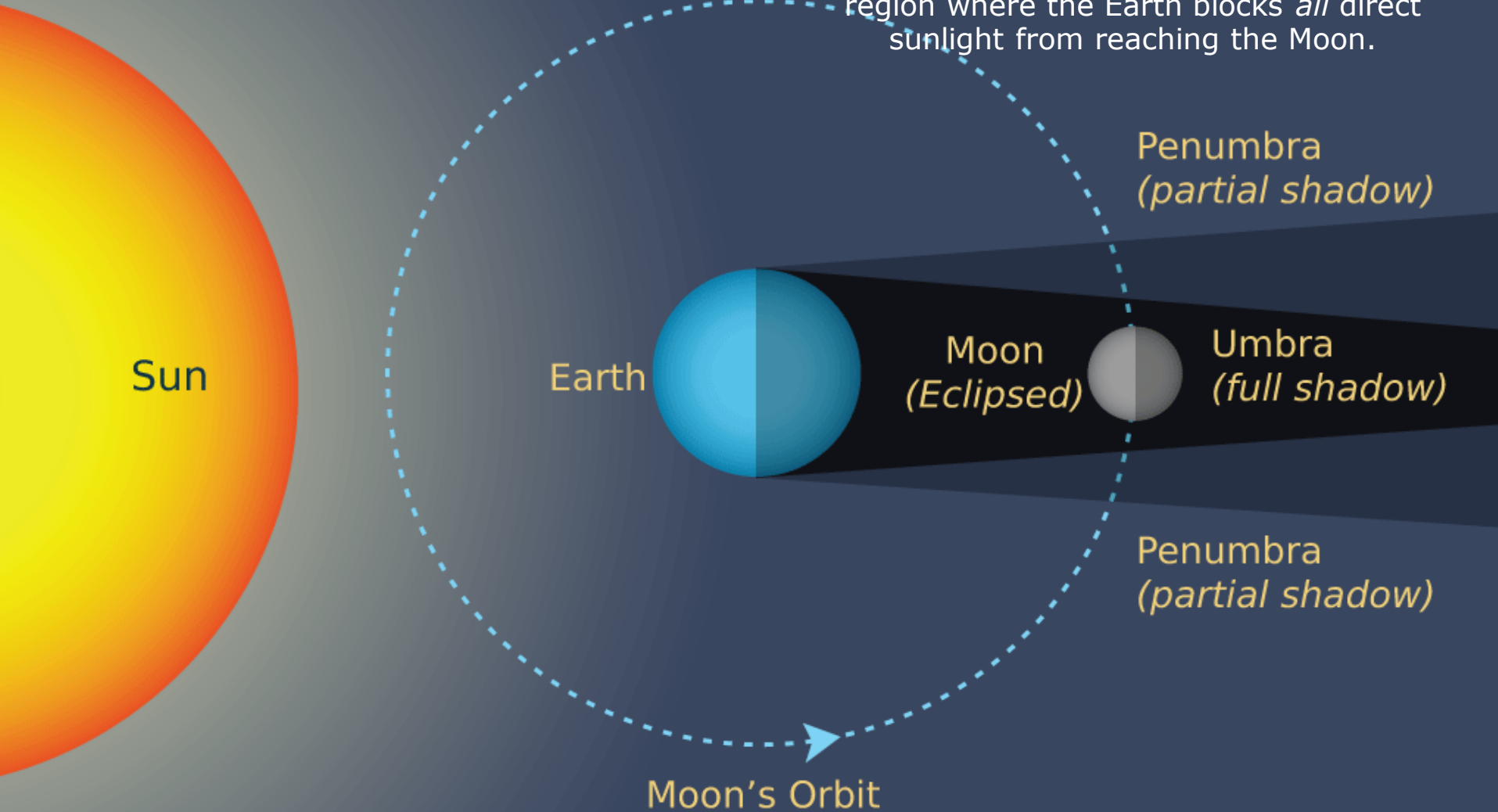
3. Total Lunar Eclipse

- The entire Moon passes through Earth's umbral shadow.
- These events are quite striking due to the Moon's vibrant red color during the total phase (totality).

Anatomy of a Lunar Eclipse

(Not to scale)

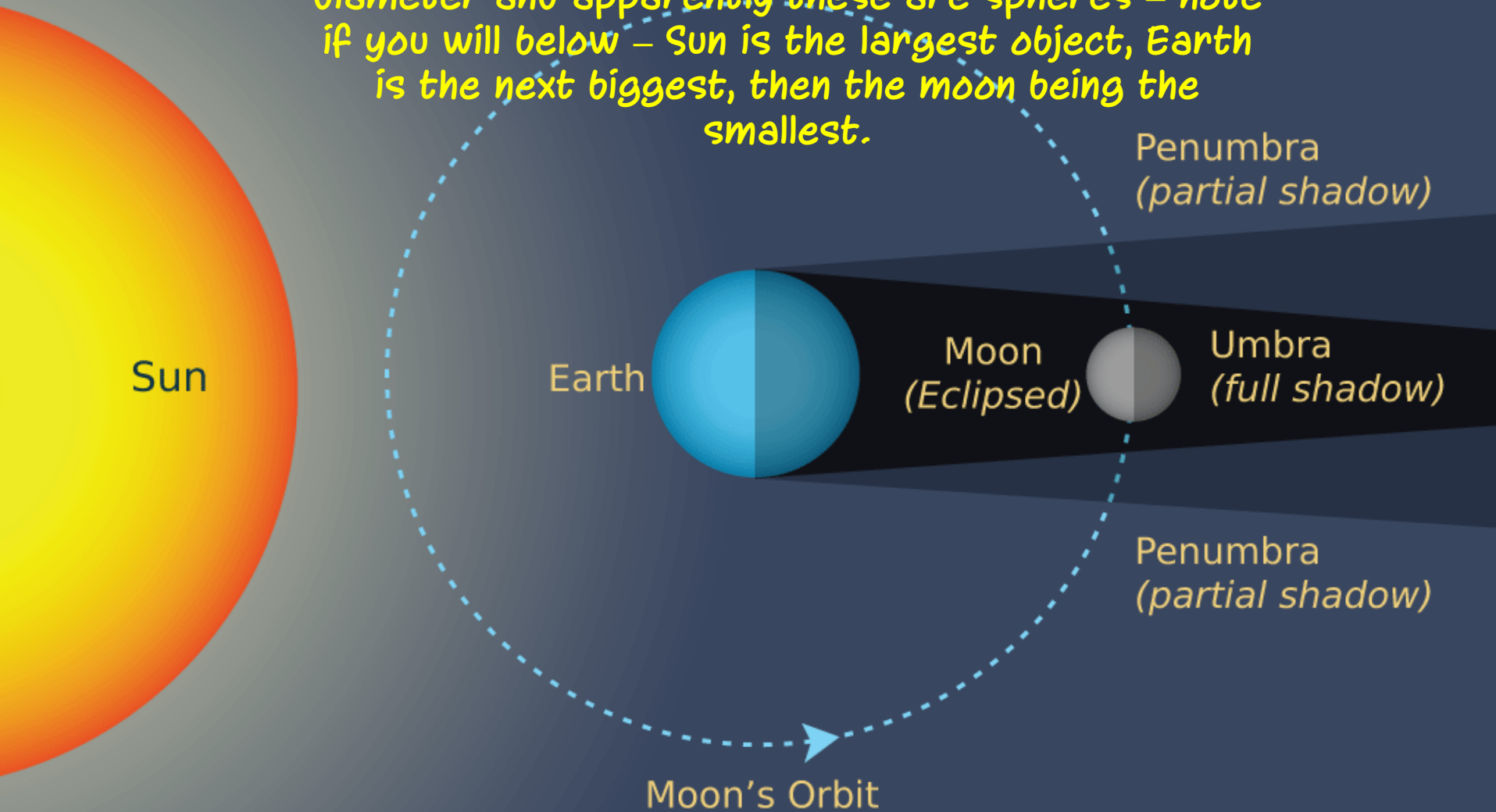
The outer or penumbral shadow is a zone where the Earth blocks part but not all of the Sun's rays from reaching the Moon. In contrast, the inner or umbral shadow is a region where the Earth blocks *all* direct sunlight from reaching the Moon.



Anatomy of a Lunar Eclipse

(Not to scale)

Remember the sun and the moon only have a 32 mi diameter and apparently these are spheres – note if you will below – Sun is the largest object, Earth is the next biggest, then the moon being the smallest.



Earth diameter 25,000 miles

Sun and Moon diameter 32 miles

Sun and Moon altitude 3000 miles

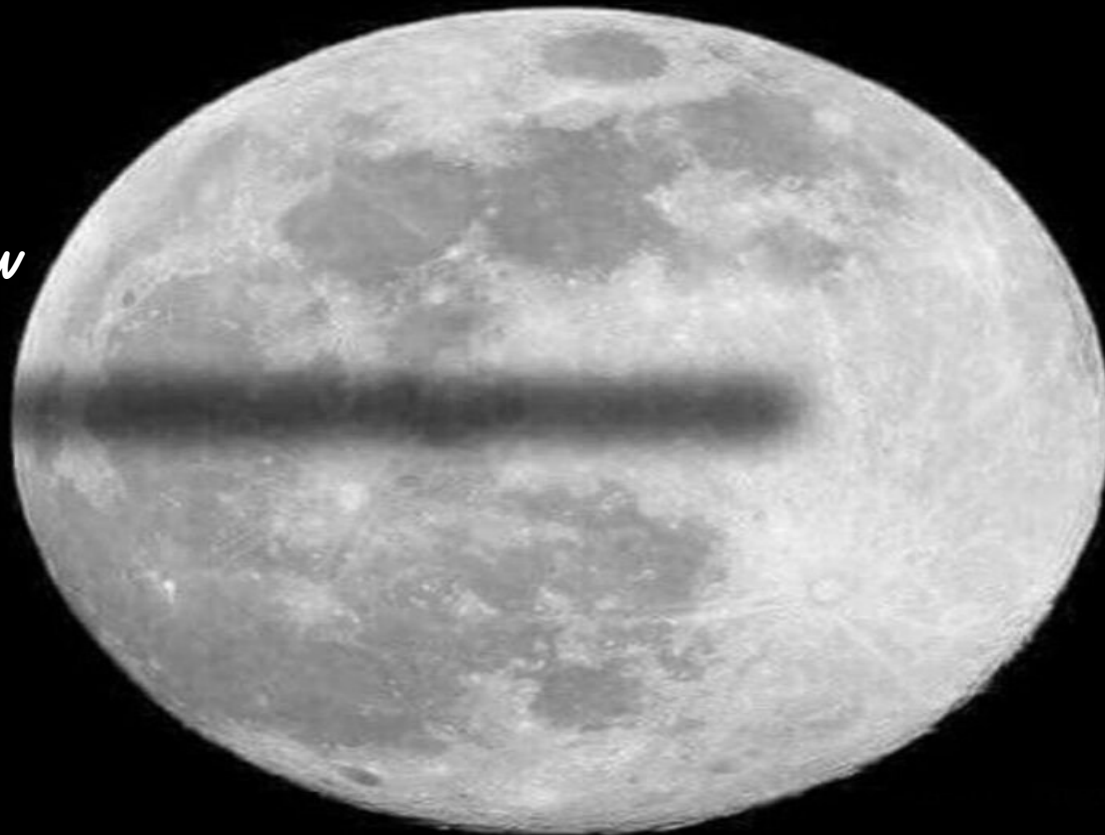
Star "dome" 100 miles above Sun and Moon.

So, if the flat earth looks like this, how can the sun and moon along with that shadow object orbit the earth and somehow make a lunar eclipse by putting a shadow on the earth???. The only shadow on the moon, would be made from that "elusive" shadow object. Unless of course the moon and sun can now line up vertically at certain times as well as changing their normal orbits.

Let's take it from this perspective: say the flat earth is standing on it's side like a coin, do you get a shadow? No, since the earth blocks out the light 1) If the sun and moon are covered by the dome you have the same issue as before, since they don't orbit around the flat earth, they orbit above the flat earth. Of course as always that I'm sure is subject to change. You point out the illogic and then somehow it changes, but for now this is what we've got.

How Yesterday's **LUNAR ECLIPSE**
must've looked like according to
FLAT EARTHERS

Perhaps this
would make
sense, except
for that shadow
object!



Lunar Eclipses: 2011 - 2020

Calendar Date <i>(Link to Figure)</i>	TD of Greatest Eclipse	Eclipse Type	Saros Series	Umbral Magnitude	Partial/Total Duration	Geographic Region of Eclipse Visibility <i>(Link to RASC Observers Handbook)</i>
2013 Apr 25	20:08:38	Partial	112	0.015	00h27m	Europe, Africa, Asia, Aus.
2013 May 25	04:11:06	Penumbral	150	-0.934	-	Americas, Africa
2013 Oct 18	23:51:25	Penumbral	117	-0.272	-	Americas, Europe, Africa, Asia
2014 Apr 15	07:46:48	Total	122	1.291	03h35m 01h18m	Aus., Pacific, Americas
2014 Oct 08	10:55:44	Total	127	1.166	03h20m 00h59m	Asia, Aus., Pacific, Americas
2015 Apr 04	12:01:24	Total	132	1.001	03h29m 00h05m	Asia, Aus., Pacific, Americas
2015 Sep 28	02:48:17	Total	137	1.276	03h20m 01h12m	e Pacific, Americas, Europe, Africa, w Asia
2016 Mar 23	11:48:21	Penumbral	142	-0.312	-	Asia, Aus., Pacific, w Americas
2016 Sep 16	18:55:27	Penumbral	147	-0.064	-	Europe, Africa, Asia, Aus., w Pacific
2017 Feb 11	00:45:03	Penumbral	114	-0.035	-	Americas, Europe, Africa, Asia
2017 Aug 07	18:21:38	Partial	119	0.246	01h55m	Europe, Africa, Asia, Aus.
2018 Jan 31	13:31:00	Total	124	1.315	03h23m 01h16m	Asia, Aus., Pacific, w N.America
2018 Jul 27	20:22:54	Total	129	1.609	03h55m 01h43m	S.America, Europe, Africa, Asia, Aus.
2019 Jan 21	05:13:27	Total	134	1.195	03h17m 01h02m	c Pacific, Americas, Europe, Africa
2019 Jul 16	21:31:55	Partial	139	0.653	02h58m	S.America, Europe, Africa, Asia, Aus.
2020 Jan 10	19:11:11	Penumbral	144	-0.116	-	Europe, Africa, Asia, Aus.
2020 Jun 05	19:26:14	Penumbral	111	-0.405	-	Europe, Africa, Asia, Aus.
2020 Jul 05	04:31:12	Penumbral	149	-0.644	-	Americas, sw Europe, Africa
2020 Nov 30	09:44:01	Penumbral	116	-0.262	-	Asia, Aus., Pacific, Americas

According to the flat earthers who say you can have 2-3 lunar eclipses within a year or year and a half, I am using the dreaded NASA to confirm that— from 2013 – 2020. I'm seeing that in 2013 there were three, then two every year until we hit 2020 when there will be four, but also not in this list there are only 7 total lunar eclipses! Wonder how they account for that?

FE Answer - a lunar eclipse can be seen from the entire half of the earth beneath the moon

The only thing we can find from flat earthers in regards to a solar eclipse is: **a solar eclipse is visible only along a narrow path on the earth's surface** – so let's just test that statement!





There are three types of solar eclipses.

The first is a total solar eclipse. A total solar eclipse is only visible from a small area on Earth. The people who see the total eclipse are in the center of the moon's shadow when it hits Earth. The sky becomes very dark, as if it were night. For a total eclipse to take place, the sun, moon and Earth must be in a direct line.

The second type of solar eclipse is a partial solar eclipse. This happens when the sun, moon and Earth are not exactly lined up. The sun appears to have a dark shadow on only a small part of its surface.

The third type is an annular (ANN you ler) solar eclipse. An annular eclipse happens when the moon is farthest from Earth. Because the moon is farther away from Earth, it seems smaller. It does not block the entire view of the sun. The moon in front of the sun looks like a dark disk on top of a larger sun-colored disk. This creates what looks like a ring around the moon.

Total solar eclipses in 2017 and 2024

August 21, 2017

April 8, 2024

If you plot the two total eclipse paths on a map, it would appear the giant "X" intersects right over the New Madrid fault line near Cape Girardeau, Missouri and Paducah, Kentucky

Also both eclipses can be seen in Carbondale, IL

eclipse-maps.com

7/1/2017

The flat earthers are correct that a solar eclipse is a narrow path across the earth – but they don't explain how a solar eclipse happens, since it needs the moon. They do say there are more solar eclipses though – one wonders how that happens? Perhaps it's the sun's satellites?

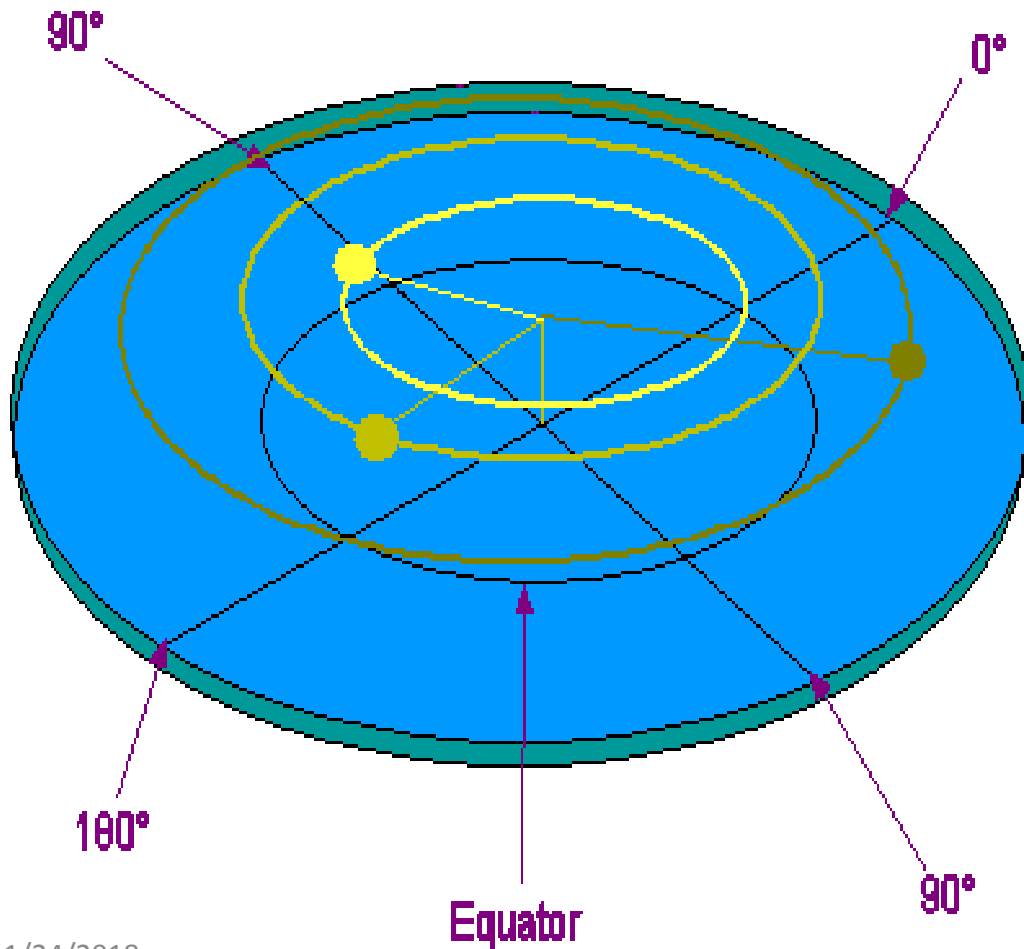
11/24/2018

*And apparently the dome
looks more like an egg!!*



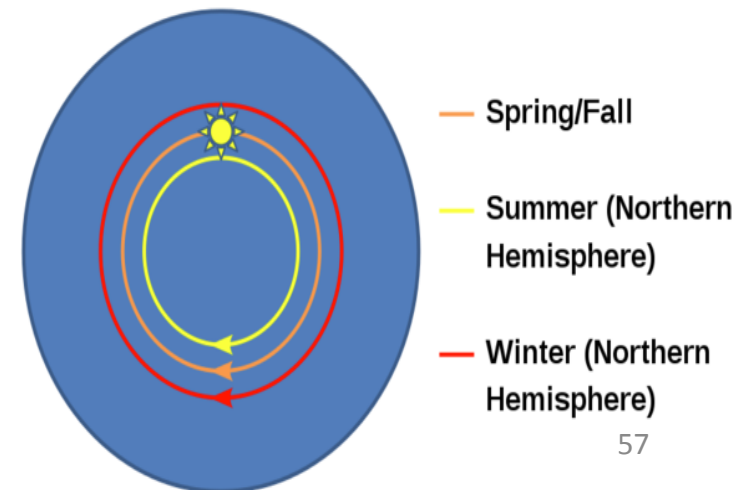
- - The sun's orbit at winter solstice
- - The sun's orbit at equinox
- - The sun's orbit at summer solstice

FE answer - The picture illustrates how the sun moves and also how seasons work on a flat earth. The **apparent effect of the sun rising and setting** is usually explained as a **perspective effect**.



FE answer - When the sun is further away from the North Pole, it's winter in the northern hemisphere (or hemisphere) and summer in the south.

When the sun is further away from the North Pole, it's winter in the northern hemisphere (or hemisphere) and summer in the south.





Or as flat earthers
like to say – it's a
perspective effect!!!

**Listen B.o.B, once and for all. The earth looks flat because
1) You're not far enough away at your size, and 2) Your size isn't
large enough – relative to Earth – to notice any curvature at all.**

FE question - As a passenger on an aircraft, how is it I can see the curvature of the earth?



Wonder how they explain this – no small windows and note they did mention curvature!!! But then again they do say you'd NOT be able to see it.

FE – answer - Quite simply you cannot. It is widely stated you would need to be at a height of at least 40,000 ft to get even a hint of curvature if earth were round. Commercial aircraft are not allowed to fly this high. They are only allowed to fly just under this altitude. 36,000ft might be typical. In addition, the windows on commercial aircraft are small and heavily curved. *Even if they flew high enough for a person to see curvature, it would still not be visible to passengers.*

Flying on Russian fighter jet: Stunning aeriels on board Su-3



A typical commercial jet (most standard flights) cruises at around 28-35,000ft (up to 6.6 miles of altitude). The main exception is Concorde which was designed to fly at a higher altitude (and hence lower wind resistance) at around 45,000ft.

This is a U2 spy plane that a flat earther is saying proves the earth is flat and that you can see the ice wall!!! I'm not seeing that "wall"!! These planes also fly at 70,000 feet!

Here's another "perspective" – and FYI, you can see the curvature and those are clouds below.



Henry had been flying the U-2 since 1987, and has seen it go from flying over South Korea and Panama to being a constant presence over battlefields in Afghanistan and, until last year, Iraq. Like most others in the elite club of U-2 pilots (there are only 35 to 50 actively flying at any time), Henry is tough and matter-of-fact, but also somewhat romantic about flying the famous jet at 70,000 feet, twice the cruising altitude of commercial airliners—high enough to see the curvature of Earth.



<https://www.airspacemag.com/military-aviation/killer-at-70000-feet-117615369/>

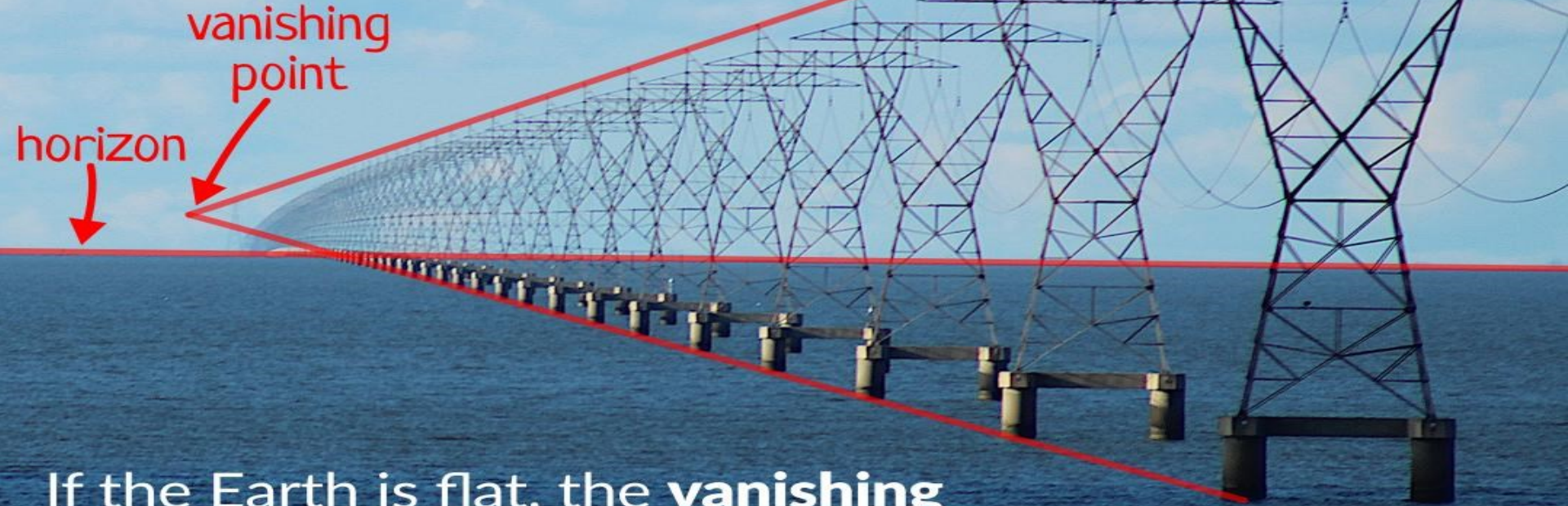
From Olcott NY, to Toronto - 39 miles

***CN Tower height:
553 m / 1815 ft***

***Approx 184 m / 603 ft
below sea level***

Lake Pontchartrain Transmission Lines, Louisiana, United States.

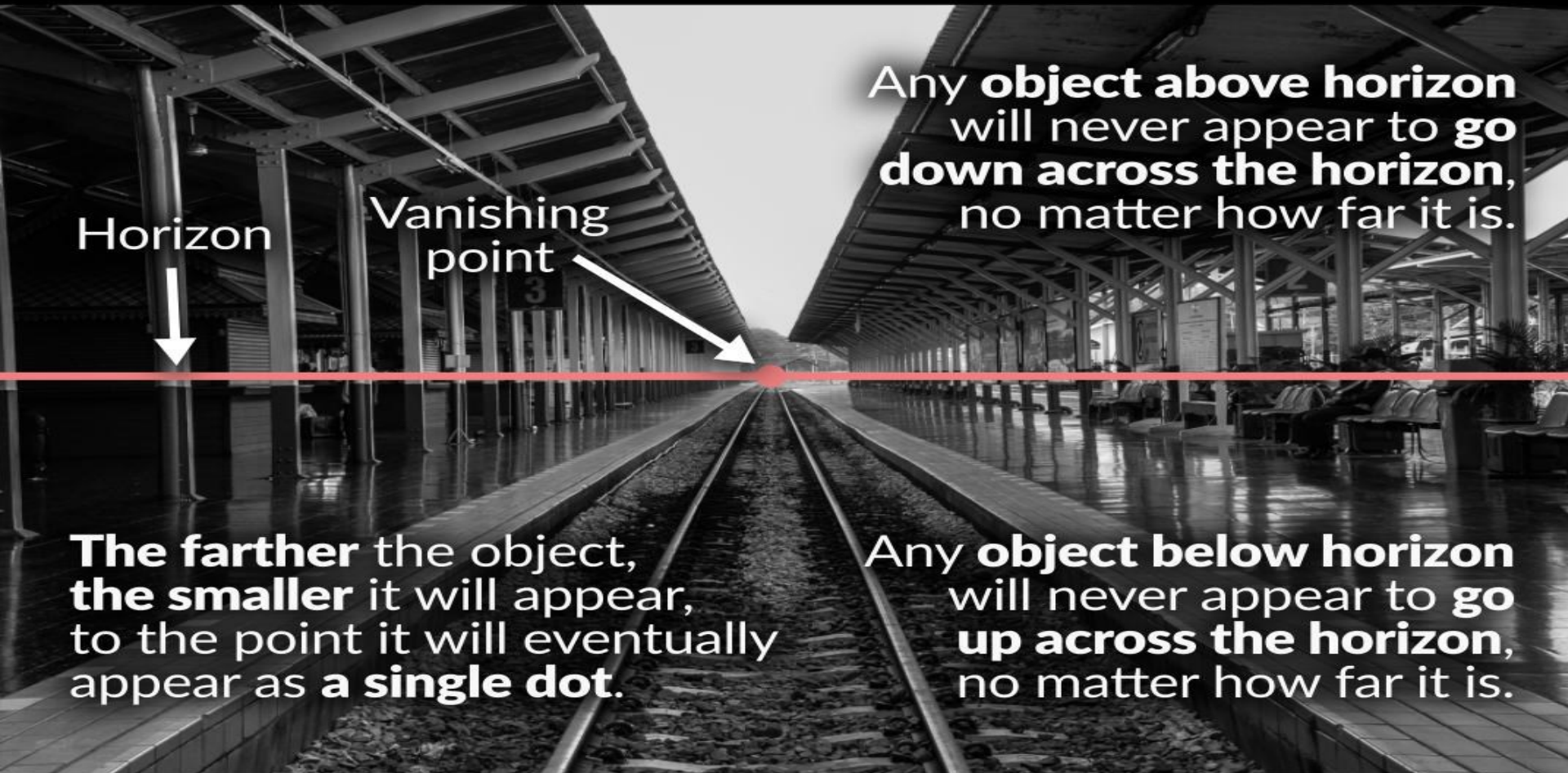
85 power transmission towers in a
straight line, crossing a water body
24.27 km (15 mi) across.



If the Earth is flat, the **vanishing point** should intersect the **horizon line**. But in reality, the **vanishing point** is **above the horizon line**. This is evidence of the **curvature of the Earth**.



Perspective does **not** cause an object to **appear obstructed** by another object as it **go farther from the observer**. **The sun sets** because it is **no longer above horizon**: it is **obstructed by Earth's curvature**.



Any **object above horizon** will never appear to **go down across the horizon**, no matter how far it is.

The **farther** the object, the **smaller** it will appear, to the point it will eventually appear as a **single dot**.

Any **object below horizon** will never appear to **go up across the horizon**, no matter how far it is.



FlatEarth.ws/perspective
Debunking Flat Earth Misconceptions

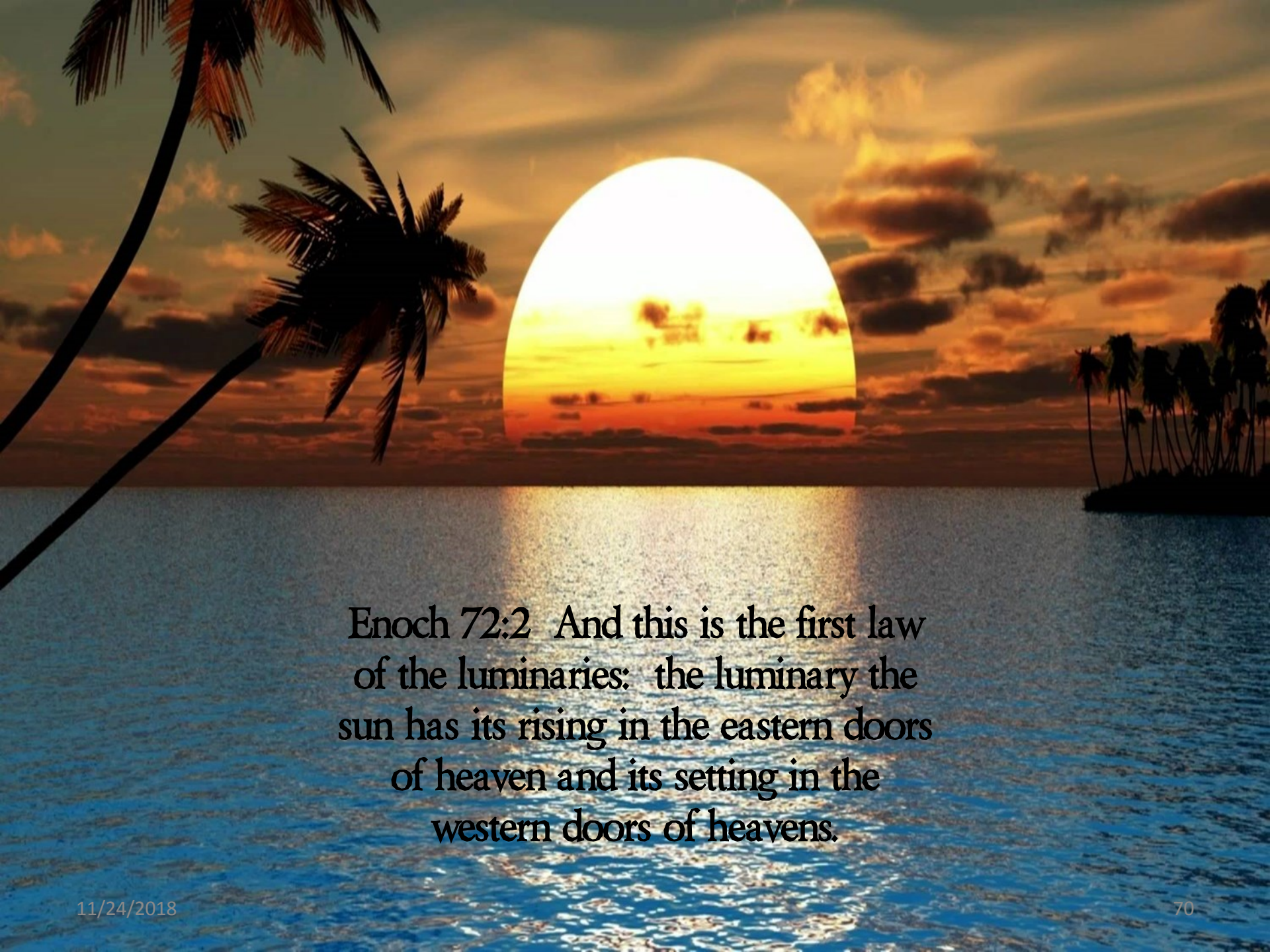
One of the major holes in the flat-Earth model is the apparent motion of the Sun. The sun rises and sets once a day. But if the Earth is flat, then sunrises and sunsets should never happen, and the Sun would be visible all the time, from anywhere on Earth. In order to plug the hole and ‘explain’ this problem, they invented an ad-hoc hypothesis that the Sun sets because of perspective.

The pretext is that an object appears closer to the horizon as it is moving away from the observer. They extrapolated this fact and wrongly assume that if it keeps going, then eventually it will appear to go down crossing the horizon line and is no longer visible.

The claim is obviously contrary to what we experience every day. Any object that appears above the horizon will stay above it no matter how far it is. If the object is far enough, then it will appear as a single dot, coinciding with the vanishing point.

Conversely, the same happens with objects that appear below the horizon. For example, a long and straight rail track will appear to converge to a single dot if it is far enough. It will not appear to 'go up' and cross the horizon line no matter how far it is.

Sunset has a much simpler and plausible explanation. When sunset happens, the sun is physically no longer above the horizon. It is not visible because it is obstructed by the curvature of the Earth.



Enoch 72:2 And this is the first law
of the luminaries: the luminary the
sun has its rising in the eastern doors
of heaven and its setting in the
western doors of heavens.

Suspension bridges are designed to account for the **curvature of the Earth**.



To account for the **curvature of the Earth**, the towers of the **Verrazano-Narrows Bridge** are **1⁵/₈ inches (41 mm)** farther apart at their tops than at their bases.



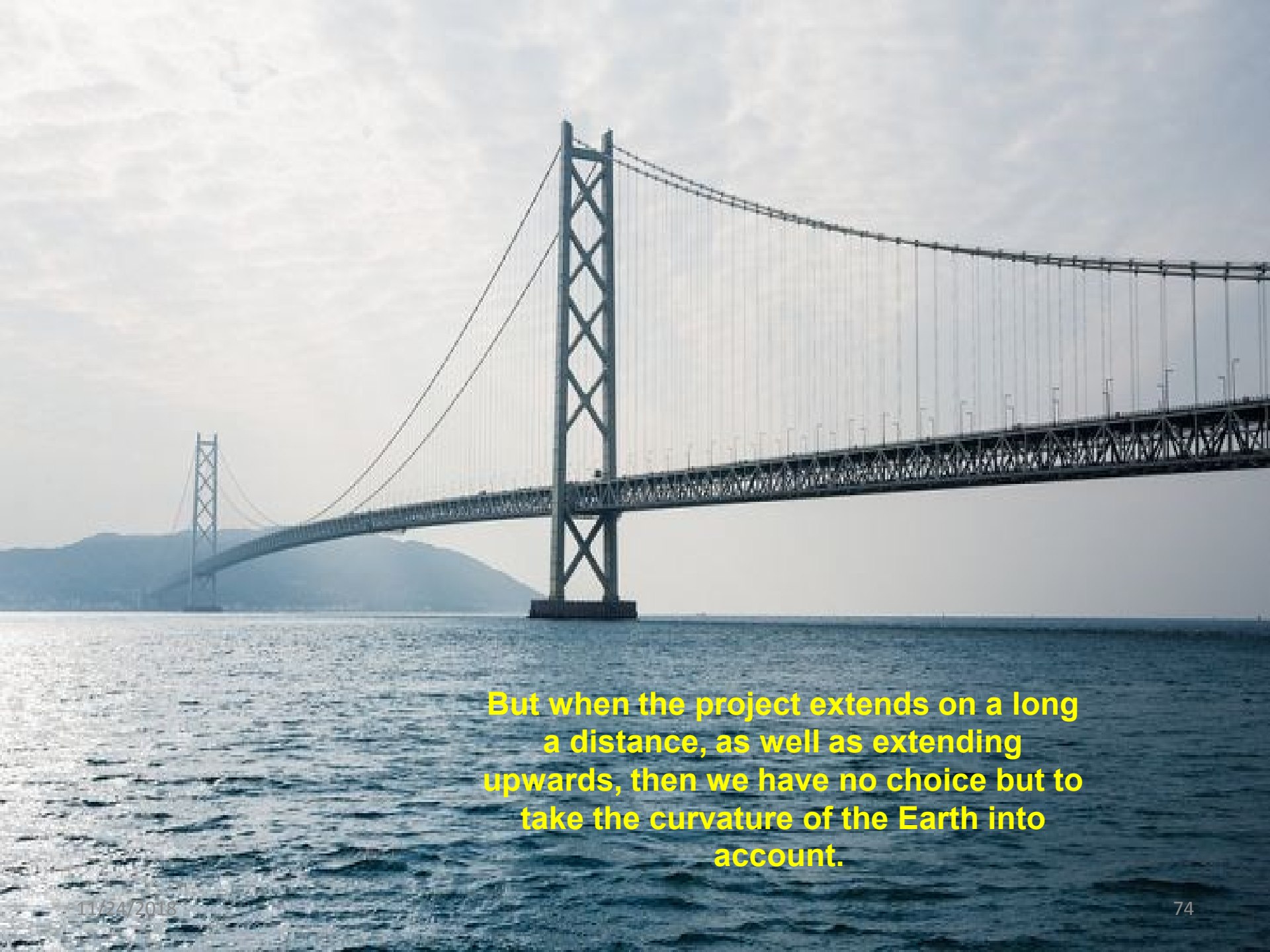
FlatEarth.ws/verrazano-narrows
Debunking Flat Earth Misconceptions

Accounting for the curvature of the Earth is not usually needed for narrow high-rise building projects. Designers only need to ensure the foundation is flat, and the curvature of the Earth becomes non-factor.



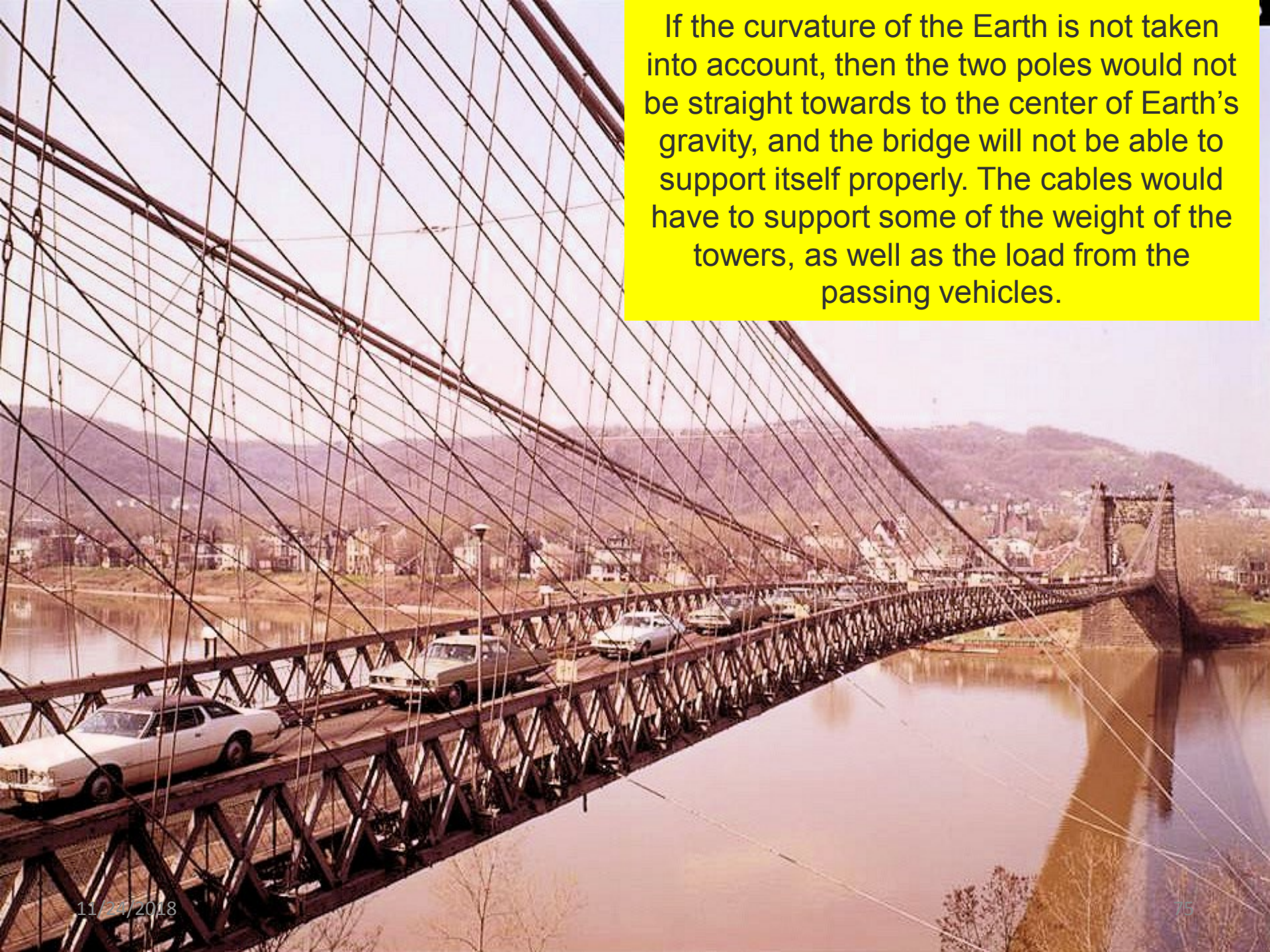


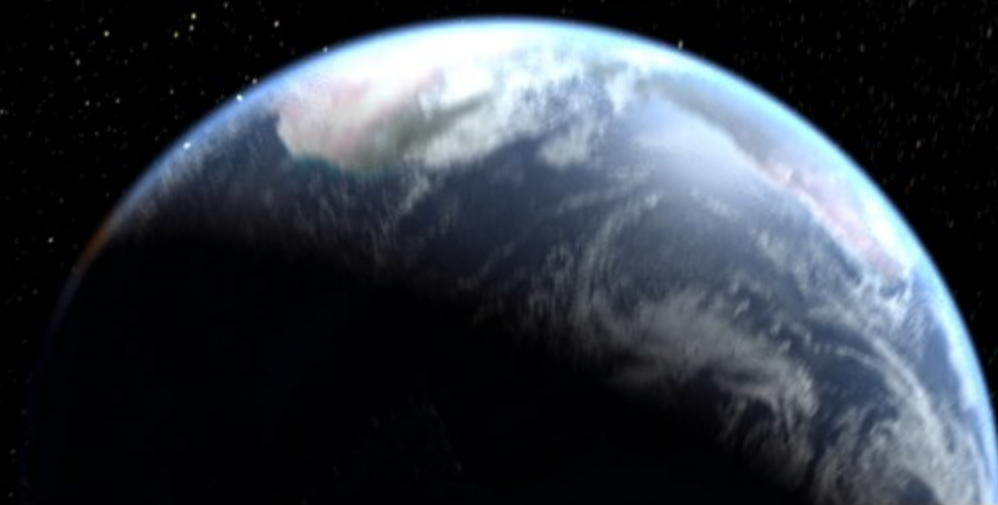
For projects that extend over a long distance, like roads, railroads, canals, etc, they are built along the curvature of the Earth, and specifically accounting for the curvature is usually not needed.



**But when the project extends on a long
a distance, as well as extending
upwards, then we have no choice but to
take the curvature of the Earth into
account.**

If the curvature of the Earth is not taken into account, then the two poles would not be straight towards to the center of Earth's gravity, and the bridge will not be able to support itself properly. The cables would have to support some of the weight of the towers, as well as the load from the passing vehicles.





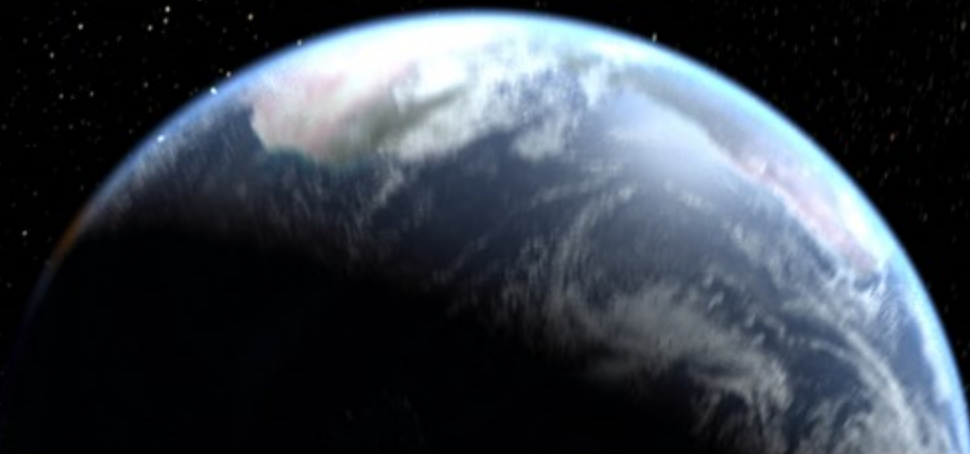
Genesis 1:2

וְהָאָרֶץ הָיְתָה תֵהוֹ וּבְהוּ וַחֲשֹךְ עַל־פְּנֵי
תְהוֹם וְרוּחַ אֱלֹהִים מְרַחֶפֶת עַל־פְּנֵי

Now the earth was formless and empty, and darkness was over the face of the deep. And the Spirit of God was hovering over the surface of the waters. | LEB

הַמַּיִם: | LEB OT RI

Now the earth, land, space was formless and empty, a void space, and darkness a blackness over the face and appearance of the deep, an area below the surface of bodies of water, a dark, inexhaustible and mysterious place. And the Ruach and breath of Yahuah was hovering and trembling over the surface, face and appearance of the waters.



Genesis 1:6

וַיֹּאמֶר אֱלֹהִים יְהִי רָקִיעַ בְּתוֹךְ הַמַּיִם וַיְהִי
מַבְדִּיל בֵּין מַיִם לַמַּיִם: | LEB OT RI

And God said, “Let there be a vaulted dome
in the midst of the waters, and let it cause a
separation between the waters.” | LEB

Then Yahuah spoke and said, “Let there come to pass and into existence an expanse, a firmament (an area of atmospheric space, either relatively close to the ground or in the upper limit of the shamayim) in the middle and among the waters (the liquid which is common to life), and let it come to pass and be allowed to occur a separation and a division between the waters (the liquid which is common to life).”

חֹוֹג *chûwg*, khoog; from H2328; a circle:—circle, circuit, compass.

חֹוֹג *m. a circle, sphere*, used of the arch or vault of the sky, Pro. 8:27; Job 22:14; of the world, Isa. 40:22.



Isaiah 40:22

הַיֹּשֵׁב עַל-חֹוֹג הָאָרֶץ וַיִּשְׁבֶּיהָ כַּחֲגָבִים
 הַנּוֹטָה כְּדֹק שָׁמַיִם וַיִּמְתְּתֵם כַּאֲהֶל
 לְשִׁבְתָּ: | LEB OT RI | LEB

He is the one who sits above the circle of the earth, and its inhabitants are like grasshoppers; the one who stretches out the heavens like a veil and spreads them out like a tent to live in, | LEB

The One who sits and dwells above the **circle of the earth**, and its inhabitants, dwellers like grasshoppers; the One who stretches, spreads out and extends the shamayim like a veil or canopy and spreads, stretches and extends them like a covering or a tent to live in,

Stay tune for Part 2
of:



FLAT EARTH - REDUX

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